

LAMONT DATA REDUCTION CRUISE SUMMARY

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CRUISE: EW9209

START: 23 August 1992 [236] Bridgetown, Barbados

END: 25 September 1992 [269] Bridgetown, Barbados

PURPOSE: Cenozic History of Deep Water Circulation and Chemistry at Ceara Rise

CHIEF SCIENTISTS: Dr. William B. Curry - Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution
and Dr. Gregory S. Mountain - Lamont-Doherty Geological Observatory

DATA REDUCTION: Thomas D. Aitken and Stefanus Budhypramono

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TIME:

Instrument: Kinematics/TrueTime Division Model GPS-DC, GPS Synchronized clock

Logging: 60 second intervals

Checking: Visual check of plot of data

Note: True Time is connected to a 5065A Rubidium Vapor Frequency Standard.

SPEED AND HEADING:

Instrument: Furuno CI-30 2-axis doppler speed log, Sperry MK-27 gyro

Logging: 3 second intervals

Checking: Visual check of plot of data

Smoothing: Mean value of all good values within the same minute

TRANSIT SATELLITE FIXES:

Instrument: Magnavox MX-1107RS dual frequency Transit satellite receiver

Logging: All fixes from two receivers Transit #1 (lab) and Transit #2 (bridge)

Note: The fixes from the Transit system are logged in case there is a significant gap in GPS coverage, not needed on this cruise.

GPS SATELLITE FIXES:

Instrument: Magnavox T-Set Global Positioning System 5 channel receiver

Magnavox MX-4200 Global Positioning System 6 channel receiver

Logging: T-Set #1 at 2 second intervals, T-Set #2 at 20 second intervals.

MX-4200 at 1 second intervals.

Notes: (1) T-Set #1 is logged at 2 second intervals to provide realtime positioning for the Hydrosweep; this GPS data is decimated to 20 second intervals before use in the reduction.

(2) MX-4200 is logged at 1 second intervals, but decimated to 10 second intervals before use in interpolation and smoothing.

Checking:

minimun number of sats: 3

dilution of precision maximum: north = 4.0, east = 4.0
carrier signal-noise ratio minimum:35.0
standard deviation maximum: north = 4.0, east = 4.0
time set maximum: 3
speed maximum: 30.0
compared GPS speed and course with Furuno smooth speed and heading
compared positions with Transit-Furuno navigation
reject fixes producing Eotvos correction errors in gravity

Interpolation: interpolated positions at 00, 30 seconds of each minute
Smoothing: smoothed interpolated positions with 9 point running average

Notes: (1)Using GPS MX4200 for this cruise.

(2)The GPS data has a sinusoidal-like wave in it which is assumed to come from some degrading of the GPS quality for civilian users. This wave seems to vary in period and shape and is not a perfect sine curve. The periods are less than 20 minutes. The amplitudes and period will vary over 24 hours but always seem to be present in the data. This degrading produces a false ship's track for realtime navigation and introduces extreme errors, up to 10 mGals, in the Eotvos correction for the gravity. To handle this problem the remaining smooth GPS data is decimated to 20 minute intervals. This dithering was in effect only for jdays 236-244 at start of the cruise, and then back on around 1800 on jday 265 to end of the cruise on jday 269.

This GPS processing, together with using the smooth speed and heading data from the Furuno for DR'ing between the decimated GPS positions produces good navigation and gravity data.

NAVIGATION:

A "1 minute navigation" is produced from the GPS and Furuno sources. The smooth speed and heading data is used to fill the gaps between the processed GPS positions by computing 1 minute DR'ed positions corrected for set and drift. The DR'ed positions are produced at 00 seconds of each minute.

Navigation started on jday 236 at 1400 and ended on jday 269 at 1920.

BATHYMETRY:

Instrument: Krupp Atlas Hydrosweep DS

Logging: At each ping of hydrosweep , data is being broadcasted in real time to the network, which is received by the data logging computer, which then extracts the center beam depth.

Checking: visual check of plot of data. Bad data points removed with an interactive graphics editor.

Final data: interpolated depth value (meters) at 00 seconds of each minute

Center beam bathymetry started on jday 236 at 1423 and ended on jday 269 at 1254

Gaps:	start	end	reason
	jday:time	jday:time	
	239:1749	239:2011	put into Cayenne, French Guiana
	240:0211	240:0212	? not recorded in any file
	250:1140	250:1249	replaced a card in hydrosweep
	253:2033	253:2140	replaced a card in hydrosweep
	262:1832	262:1846	SQC logging computer full

On many, but not all days, the data is missing at 0203 and 0204, reason unknown

MAGNETICS:

Instrument: Varian V75 magnetometer

Logging: 6 second intervals

Checking: visual check of plot of data. Bad data points removed with
an interactive graphics editor.

Reference field: International Geomagnetic Reference Field 1990 (IGRF 1990)
model of the main field at 1990.0 and a predictive model of the
secular variation for adjusting to dates between 1990.0 and 1995.0

Final data: median values at 00 seconds of each minute calculated from the values +/-30 seconds of this time.

Magnetics started on jday 237 at 1117 and ended on jday 268 at 1217

Gaps:	start	end	reason
	jday:time	jday:time	
	238:1211	238:1217	
	238:1223	238:1223	
	238:1326	238:1332	
	238:1338	238:1341	
	238:1343	238:1443	
	238:2203	240:1610	put into Cayenne, French Guiana
	244:1049	244:2309	off for coring (cores 1 and 2)
	247:0933	248:0123	off for coring (cores 3 and 4)
	251:0655	251:1222	off for coring (core 5)
	253:1749	254:0143	off for coring (core 6)
	254:1555	254:2217	off for coring (core 7)
	255:1344	255:1852	off for coring (core 8)
	256:1320	257:0744	off for coring (core 9)
	257:0747	257:0751	noise
	257:1212	257:1218	noise
	257:1341	257:1345	noise
	257:1411	257:2141	problems
	258:1122	259:0758	off for coring (cores 10 and 11)
	260:0333	260:1151	off for coring (core 12)
	261:0308	261:0948	off for coring (core 13)
	261:2247	262:1013	off for coring (core 14)
	262:1832	262:1846	SQC logging computer full
	262:2244	263:1301	off for coring (core 15)
	266:0659	267:1402	off
	267:1820	267:1916	ship power problems

GRAVITY:

Instrument: Bodenseewerks KSS-30 Marine Gravity meter

Logging: mGal values at 6 second intervals

Smoothing: mean values at 00 seconds of each minute calculated from the logged values +/-30 seconds of this time. This stage also adjusts the times of the logged values for a 75 second delay due to the filtering of the gravity by the KSS-30.

Merge with navigation: calculate Eotvos correction and Free Air Anomaly.

The velocities, from the navigation, used in the Eotvos

correction are smoothed with a 5 point running average for all days

Checking: visual check of plot of data to determine satisfactory Eotvos corrections, delete spikes of data at turns

Dc shift: -980169.50 mGal

Drift rate: 0.0050 mGal per day

Final data: Free Air Anomaly value at 00 seconds of each minute.

1930 theoretical gravity formula.

KSS-30 gravity started on jday 236 at 1502 and ended on jday 269 at 1918

Note: This is the gravity data used for this cruise.

The 1930 theoretical gravity formula, without Potsdam correction, is used for data sent to Lamont for inclusion in their data base.

Instrument: Bell Aerospace BGM-3 marine gravity meter
Logging: 1 second counts
Filtering: an observed gravity value in mGal is calculated by filtering the 1 second counts with a 360 second Gaussian filter, scaling the result and adding a bias. A value in mGal is calculated for 00 seconds of each minute.
Merge with navigation: calculate Eotvos correction and Free Air Anomaly. The velocities, from the navigation, used in the Eotvos correction are smoothed with a 5 point running average for all days
Checking: visual check of plot of data to determine satisfactory Eotvos corrections, delete spikes of data at turns
Dc shift: -6.4 mGal
Drift rate: 0.0447 mGal per day
Final data: Free Air Anomaly value at 00 seconds of each minute.
1930 theoretical gravity formula.

BGM-3 gravity started on jday 236 at 1510 and ended on jday 269 at 1918

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LAMONT GRAVITY TIE REPORTS
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R/V Ewing gravity meters: Bodenseewerk KSS-30 marine gravimeter
Bell Aerospace BGM-3 marine gravity meter
scale factor = 5.0940744
bias = 852680

Port: Bridgetown, Barbados

Date: 20 August 1992 (jday 233) pre EW9209

Operator: Joe Stennett and Bill Robinson

Reference Station:

ACIC 0865-4
Adopted value: 978294.44 mgals
Estimated Accuracy: +- 0.5 mgals
Date: 2/72
Location: Station is located on the Deep Water Pier, two feet north of third bollard (bollard #34) from the northern end of pier.

Pier/Ship's position:

R/V Ewing is moored on the Deep Water Pier with bollard #31 at mid-ships.

Readings and Calculations:

Since the gravimeters were located only 3 bollard lengths from the reference station location, the reference value was used for pier gravity value.

Reference value = 978294.44 mgal

Pier gravity value:

 pier_grv_val = 978294.44 mGal

On 20 August 92 at 1510 Z the BGM/KSS was 6.0 meters below the pier.
(The gravity meters are 5.5 meters below C-deck, which was 0.5 meters
below the pier.)

Height correction in mgal:

note: free-air constant of +0.31 mgal per meter going towards
the center of earth; -0.31 mgal per meter going away.

$hgt_corr = hgt * constant$

$hgt_corr = 6.0 * .31$

$hgt_corr = 1.9$

Gravity at BGM/KSS level:

$grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = pier_grv_val + hgt_corr$

$grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = 978294.44 + 1.9$

$grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = 978296.3$

BGM-3 reading:

On 20 August 92 (day 233) at 1510 Z

$BGM_grv_val = 978289.9$

BGM-3 Mistie:

$BGM_mistie = BGM_grv_val - grv_at_BGM_level$

$BGM_mistie = 978289.9 - 978296.3$

$BGM_mistie = -6.4$

BGM-3 DC shift:

$BGM_dc_shift = -6.4 \text{ mGal}$

BGM drift:

$pre_BGM_mistie: -7.7 \text{ mgal on 13 July 1992 (day 195)}$

$BGM_drift = BGM_mistie - pre_BGM_mistie$

$BGM_drift = (-6.4) - (-7.7)$

$BGM_drift = 1.3 \text{ mgal}$

$BGM \text{ drift rate per day} = BGM_drift / \text{number of days from last tie}$

$BGM \text{ drift rate per day} = 1.3 / 38$

$BGM \text{ drift rate per day} = 0.0342$

KSS-30 reading:

On day 233 at 1510 Z

$KSS_grv_val = -1873.19$

(note: used the value at 233 1511:16 from the KSS data
file to adjust for the 75 second filtering delay.)

KSS-30 DC shift:

$KSS_dc_shift = KSS_grv_val - grv_at_KSS_level$

$KSS_dc_shift = (-1873.19) - (978296.3)$

$KSS_dc_shift = -980169.5$

KSS-30 Mistie:

BIAS of 980170.29

$KSS_mistie = (BIAS + KSS_grv_val) - grv_at_KSS_level$

$KSS_mistie = (980170.29 + (-1873.19)) - 978296.3$

$KSS_mistie = 0.8$

KSS-30 drift:

$prev_KSS_mistie: 0.97 \text{ mgal on 13 July 1992 (day 195)}$

$KSS_drift = KSS_mistie - prev_KSS_mistie$

KSS_drift = (0.8) - (0.97)
KSS_drift = -0.2

KSS-30 drift rate per day = KSS_drift/number of days from last tie
KSS-30 drift rate per day = -0.2/38
KSS-30 drift rate per day = -0.0053

Port: Bridgetown, Barbados

Date: 27 September 1992 (jday 271) post EW9209

Operator: Joe Stennett and Tom Aitken

Reference Station: ACIC 0865-4

Adopted value: 978294.44 mGals

Estimated Accuracy: +- 0.5 mgals

Date: 1972

Located on the Deep Water Pier, two feet north of the third bollard (bollard #34) from the northern end of the pier.

Pier/Ship's position:

R/V Ewing was located at on the Deep Water Pier with midships at bollard #23.

Portable Gravity meter: L & R meter G-237
meter at 49.5 deg. C.

Readings and Calculations:

Time	Location	L-R reading
1310	ship	1976.44
1322	reference	1977.00
1333	ship	1976.40

Because of pier movement (wind etc) the pier readings are only good to plus or minus 0.2 miligals.

Reference value = 978294.44 mgal

Good values to use in the reduction of the gravity-tie are:

-1873.60 for the KSS-30 and

979291.0 for the BGM-3

These values are from the data collected between 1523 and 1638

Pier gravity value:

$\text{pier_grv_val} = 978294.44 \text{ mGal} - 0.6 \text{ mGal} = 978293.84$

On 27 September at 1600 GMT the BGM/KSS meters were 6.0 meters below the pier. (The gravity meters are 5.5 meters below C-deck, which was 0.5 meters below the pier.)

Height correction in mgal:

note: free-air constant of +0.31 mgal per meter going towards the center of earth; -0.31 mgal per meter going away.

$\text{hgt_corr} = \text{hgt} * \text{constant}$

$1.86 = 6.0 * .31$

Gravity at BGM/KSS level:

$\text{grv_at_BGM/KSS_level} = \text{pier_grv_val} + \text{hgt_corr}$

$\text{grv_at_BGM/KSS_level} = 978293.84 + 1.86$

grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = 978295.70

BGM-3

BGM-3 reading:

On 27 September 92 (jday 271) at 1600 Z

BGM_grv_val = 978291.0

BGM-3 Mistie and Dc shift:

BGM_mistie = BGM_grv_val - grv_at_BGM_level
BGM_mistie = 978291.0 - 978295.70
BGM_mistie = -4.7

BGM_dc_shift = -4.7 mGal

BGM drift in mgal since last tie:

pre_BGM_mistie: -6.4 mgal on 20 August 1992 (day 233)
BGM_drift = BGM_mistie - pre_BGM_mistie
BGM_drift = (-4.7) - (-6.4)
BGM_drift = 1.7 mgal

BGM drift rate per day = BGM_drift/number of days from last tie
BGM drift rate per day = 1.7/38
BGM drift rate per day = 0.0447

KSS-30

KSS-30 reading:

On 27 September 92 (jday 271) at 1616 Z
KSS_grv_val = -1873.60

KSS-30 DC shift:

KSS_dc_shift = KSS_grv_val - grv_at_KSS_level
KSS_dc_shift = (-1873.60) - (978295.70)
KSS_dc_shift = -980169.30

KSS-30 Mistie:

BIAS of 980170.29
KSS_mistie = (BIAS + KSS_grv_val) - grv_at_KSS_level
KSS_mistie = (980170.29 + (-1873.60)) - 978295.70
KSS_mistie = 0.99

KSS-30 drift:

prev_KSS_mistie: 0.8 mgal on 20 August 1992 (day 233)
KSS_drift = KSS_mistie - prev_KSS_mistie
KSS_drift = (0.99) - (0.80)
KSS_drift = 0.19

KSS-30 drift rate per day = KSS_drift/number of days from last tie
KSS-30 drift rate per day = 0.19/38
KSS-30 drift rate per day = 0.0050

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Also logged on this cruise, were continuous pCO2 data of the sea surface and of the air.

The Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution also took 15 Jumbo Piston Cores.

CORE	JDAY	Hit	time
1		244	1336
2		244	2113
3		247	1228
4		247	1817
5		251	0900

6	253	2114
7	254	1921
8	255	1629
9	256	1551
10	258	2024
11	259	0328
12	260	0700
13	261	0619
14	262	0425
15	262	0208