

LAMONT DATA REDUCTION CRUISE SUMMARY

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CRUISE: EW9103

START: 12 May 91 (132) Papeete, Tahiti

END: 10 June 91 (161) Papeete, Tahiti

SURVEY AREA: Marquesas and Society Islands

CHIEF SCIENTIST: Marcia McNutt, MIT

DATA REDUCTION: William J. Robinson

TIME:

Instrument: Kinometrics GPS Synchronized clock, model GPS-DC

Logging: 60 second intervals

SPEED AND HEADING:

Instrument: Furuno CI-30 2-axis doppler speed log

Logging: 3 second intervals

Checking: visual check of plot of data

Smoothing: mean value of all good values within the same minute

TRANSIT SATELLITE FIXES:

Instrument: Magnavox MX-1107RS dual frequency Transit satellite receiver

Logging: all fixes

Checking: reject receiver flagged fixes, fixes with high drifts in navigation and fixes producing Eotvos correction errors in gravity

GPS SATELLITE FIXES:

Instruments: Magnavox T-Set Global Positioning System 5 channel receivers

Logging: T-Set #1 at 2 second intervals, T-Set #2 at 20 second intervals.

Notes: T-Set #1 is logged at 2 second intervals to provide realtime positioning for the Hydrosweep; this GPS data is decimated to 20 second intervals before used in reduction.

Checking:

minimun number of sats: 3

dilution of precision maximum: north = 6.0, east = 6.0

carrier signal-noise ratio minimun: 35.0

compared GPS speed and course with Furuno smooth speed and heading

compared positions with Transit-Furuno navigation

reject fixes producing Eotvos correction errors in gravity

Interpolation: interpolated positions at 00, 30 seconds of each minute

Smoothing: smoothed interpolated positions with 9 point running average

Notes:

Used GPS #1 for navigation

NAVIGATION:

A "1 minute navigation" is produced from the above sources. Acceptable fixes are merged at 1 per minute with priority given to GPS, then to Transit. The smooth speed and heading data is used to fill any gaps of 2 minutes or longer between fixes by computing 1 minute DR'ed positions corrected for set and drift between fixes. The DR'ed positions are produced at 00 seconds of each minute.

BATHYMETRY:

Instrument: Krupp-Atlas Hydrosweep DS

Logging: each ping

Checking: visual check of plot of data; bad points removed with an interactive graphics editor.

Interpolation: interpolated depth value at 00 seconds of each minute

Chief scientist's data: interpolated depth value at 00 seconds of each minute. Depth is in meters.

Instrument: 3.5 KHZ PDR

Logging: continuous paper plots

Notes:

The Hydrosweep values are from the center beam of the swaths during the actual survey using whatever sound velocity was in effect at the time.

The bathymetry data is a composite of the Hydrosweep center beam depths and 5 minute readings from the PDR records during periods when the Hydrosweep was off. There are some gaps when the PDR was off or of very poor quality.

day comment

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132 all HS

133 all PDR

134 all PDR

135 all HS

136 HS:0000-2008, PDR:2030-2355

137 PDR:0000-0330, HS:0333-2355

138 PDR:0000-0300, HS:0321-0551, PDR:0555-2355

139 PDR:0000-1940, HS:1945-2359

140 all HS

141 HS:0000-0645, PDR:0650-2035, HS:2041-2359

142 HS:0000-0921, PDR:0925-2045, HS:2049-2359

143 all HS

144 all HS

145 all HS

146 HS:0000-0250, PDR:0255-0725, HS:0730-2359

147 HS:0000-0003, PDR:0130-0645, HS:0650-0959, PDR:1030-1800, HS:1805-2359

148 all HS

149 all HS

150 all HS

151 HS:0000-1713, PDR:1730-1800, HS:1815-2359

152 HS:0000-0942, PDR:0955-1045, HS:1050-1808, PDR:1810-1935, HS:1936-2359
153 HS:0000-0003, PDR:0010-0530, HS:0533-1643, PDR:1730-1750, HS:1757-2359
154 all HS
155 all HS
156 all HS
157 all HS
158 HS:0000-2034, PDR:2040-2355
159 PDR:0000-0310
160 HS:0000-0108, PDR:0115-0215, HS:0223-0507, PDR:0510-0600, HS:0609-2359
161 all HS

MAGNETICS:

Instrument: Varian V75 magnetometer
Logging: 20 second intervals
Checking: visual check of plot of data; bad points removed with an
interactive graphics editor.
Interpolation: interpolated magnetics value at 00 seconds of each minute
Reference field: International Geomagnetic Reference Field 1990 (IGRF 1990)
model of the main field at 1990.0 and a predictive model of the
secular variation for adjusting to dates between 1990.0 and 1995.0
Chief scientist's data: interpolated total intensity value at 00 seconds
of each minute.
Lamont database: interpolated total intensity value at 00 seconds
of each minute.

Notes:

day	time	comment
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134	1802-2359	maggie onboard; deploying streamer
135	0000-1049	maggie onboard; deploying streamer
158	0116-0946	maggie onboard; retrieving streamer

BGM-3 GRAVITY:

Instrument: Bell Aerospace BGM-3 marine gravity meter
Logging: 1 second counts
Filtering of counts: 360 second Gaussian filter
Merge with navigation: calculate Eotvos correction and Free Air Anomaly.
Checking: visual check of plot of data to determine satisfactory Eotvos
corrections, reject spikes of data at turns
Velocity smoothing: 5 point running average of velocities from the navigation
Dc shift: 53.8 mGal
Drift rate: 0.3138 mGal/day
Chief scientist's data: Free Air Anomaly value at 00 seconds of
each minute. 1980 theoretical gravity formula.

Notes:

The BGM-3 during the period of July 1990 to October 1991 had
an abnormally high drift. The BGM-3 data during this cruise
still appears to be good and is corrected for this drift.

KSS-30 GRAVITY:

Instrument: Bodenseewerks KSS-30 Marine Gravity meter
Logging: mGal at 6 second intervals
Smoothing: mean values at 00 seconds of each minute calculated from the
logged values +/-30 seconds of this time. This stage also adjusts the
times of the smoothed values for a 75 delay due to the filtering of
the gravity by the KSS-30
Merge with navigation: calculate Eotvos correction and Free Air Anomaly.
Checking: visual check of plot of data to determine satisfactory Eotvos
corrections, reject spikes of data at turns
Velocity smoothing: 5 point running average of velocities from the navigation
Dc shift: -980162.99 mGal
Drift rate: -0.1611 mGal/day
Chief scientist's data: Free Air Anomaly value at 00 seconds of
each minute. 1980 theoretical gravity formula.
Lamont database: Free Air Anomaly value at 00 seconds of
each minute. 1930 theoretical gravity formula.

Notes:

The KSS-30 gravity data was used for the Lamont database.

Lamont Gravity Tie Report
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R/V Ewing gravity meters:

Bell Aerospace BGM-3 marine gravity meter
scale factor = 4.952164
bias = 855758.1

Bodenseewerk KSS-30 marine gravimeter

Port: Papeete, Tahiti

Date: May 10, 1991 (day 130)

Operator: Joe Stennett

Reference Station: Code THT-N Papeete - Quai d'Honneur
17 35.5 S 149 34.1 W . Alt = 2 m.

The tie point is in front of the customs house
on the Quai d'Honneur whcih is the "downtown"
pier in Papeete. This is one of a chain of stations
which have only local designations.

Reference value = 978699.3 mGal

It seems that this reference value is "corrected"
for Potsdam error. A value of 13.6 mgal will be added
to this reference value to make the value uncorrected.

reference value = 978699.3
+ Potsdam error = 13.6

reference value = 978712.9 mGal

Pier/Ship's position: The ship is docked in front of the custom house,
Area of Quai d'Honnenur.

Readings and calculations:

Pier gravity value:

The reference station was only 50 meters from the
ship so it is used as the pier gravity value.

pier_grv_val = 978712.9 mGal

Height correction:

Pier reading is 1.0 m below waist deck.
Waste deck is 5.5 m above gravity lab.
Difference between pier and gravity lab = 4.5 meters

note: free-air constant of +0.31 mgal per meter going towards
the center of earth; -0.31 mgal per meter going away.

hgt_corr = hgt * constant

hgt_corr = 4.5 m * 0.31 mGal/m
hgt_corr = 1.4 mGal

Gravity at BGM/KSS level:

grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = pier_grv_val + hgt_corr
grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = 978712.9 + 1.4
grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = 978714.3 mGal

BGM-3 reading:

On May 10, 1991 (day 130) at 0300 Z

$BGM_grv_val = 978768.1 \text{ mGal}$

BGM-3 Mistie:

$BGM_mistie = BGM_grv_val - grv_at_BGM_level$

$BGM_mistie = 978768.1 - 978714.3$

$BGM_mistie = 53.8 \text{ mGal}$

BGM-3 DC shift:

$BGM_dc_shift = 53.8 \text{ mGal}$

KSS-30 reading:

On May 10, 1991 (day 130) at 0300 Z

$KSS_grv_val = -1448.69 \text{ mGal}$

KSS-30 DC shift:

$KSS_dc_shift = KSS_grv_val - grv_at_KSS_level$

$KSS_dc_shift = (-1448.69) - (978714.3)$

$KSS_dc_shift = -980162.99 \text{ mGal}$

KSS-30 Mistie:

$BIAS = 980170.29$

$KSS_mistie = BIAS + KSS_grv_val - grv_at_KSS_level$

$KSS_mistie = (980170.29 + (-1448.69)) - 978714.3$

$KSS_mistie = 7.3 \text{ mGal}$

Lamont Gravity Tie Report
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R/V Ewing gravity meters:

Bell Aerospace BGM-3 marine gravity meter
scale factor = 4.952164
bias = 855758.1

Bodenseewerk KSS-30 marine gravimeter

Port: Papeete, Tahiti

Date: June 15, 1991 (day 166)

Operator: William J. Robinson, Suzanne O'Hara

Reference Station: Code THT-N Papeete - Quai d'Honneur
17 35.5 S 149 34.1 W . Alt = 2 m.

The tie point is in front of the customs house
on the Quai d'Honneur whcih is the "downtown"
pier in Papeete. This is one of a chain of stations
which have only local designations.

Reference value = 978699.3 mGal

It seems that this reference value is "corrected"
for Potsdam error. A value of 13.6 mgal will be added
to this reference value to make the value uncorrected.

reference value = 978699.3
+ Potsdam error = 13.6

reference value = 978712.9 mGal

Pier/Ship's position: The ship is docked in front of the custom house,
Area of Quai d'Honnenur.

Readings and calculations:

Pier gravity value:

The reference station was only 50 meters from the
ship so it is used as the pier gravity value.

pier_grv_val = 978712.9 mGal

Height correction:

Pier reading is 1.0 m below waist deck.
Waste deck is 5.5 m above gravity lab.
Difference between pier and gravity lab = 4.5 meters

note: free-air constant of +0.31 mgal per meter going towards
the center of earth; -0.31 mgal per meter going away.

hgt_corr = hgt * constant

hgt_corr = 4.5 m * 0.31 mGal/m
hgt_corr = 1.4 mGal

Gravity at BGM/KSS level:

grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = pier_grv_val + hgt_corr
grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = 978712.9 + 1.4
grv_at_BGM/KSS_level = 978714.3 mGal

BGM-3 reading:

On June 15, 1991 (day 166) at 2205Z
BGM_grv_val = 978779.4 mgal

BGM-3 Mistie:

BGM_mistie = BGM_grv_val - grv_at_BGM_level
BGM_mistie = 978779.4 - 978714.3
BGM_mistie = 65.1 mgal

BGM-3 DC shift:

BGM_dc_shift = 65.1 mgal

BGM-3 Drift:

prev_BGM_mistie: 53.8 mgal on May 10, 1991 (day 130)

BGM_drift = BGM_mistie - prev_BGM_mistie
BGM_drift = 65.1 - 53.8
BGM_drift = 11.3 mgal

num_days = day - pre_day
num_days = 166 - 130
num_days = 36

BGM_drift_per_day = BGM_drift / num_days
BGM_drift_per_day = 11.3 / 36
BGM_drift_per_day = 0.3138 mGal / day

KSS-30 reading:

On June 15, 1991 (day 166) at 2205Z
KSS_grv_val = -1454.49 mGal

KSS-30 DC shift:

KSS_dc_shift = KSS_grv_val - grv_at_KSS_level
KSS_dc_shift = (-1454.49) - (978714.3)
KSS_dc_shift = -980168.79 mgal

KSS-30 Mistie:

BIAS = 980170.29
KSS_mistie = BIAS + KSS_grv_val - grv_at_KSS_level
KSS_mistie = (980170.29 + (-1454.49)) - 978714.3
KSS_mistie = 1.5 mGal

KSS-30 drift:

prev_KSS_mistie: 7.3 mgal on May 10, 1991 (day 130)

KSS_drift = KSS_mistie - prev_KSS_mistie
KSS_drift = 1.5 - 7.3
KSS_drift = -5.8 mgal

num_days = day - pre_day
num_days = 166 - 130
num_days = 36

KSS_drift_per_day = KSS_drift / num_days
KSS_drift_per_day = -5.8 / 36
KSS_drift_per_day = -0.1611 mGal / day

